1] Write an equation for the function below in terms of sine.

$$
\begin{aligned}
P & =\frac{2 \pi}{B} \\
B 8 \pi & =\frac{2 \pi}{B}(B 5) \\
\frac{B 8 \pi}{8 \pi} & =\frac{2 \pi}{8 \pi} \\
B & =\frac{1}{4}
\end{aligned}
$$


2) Write an equation for the function below in terms of cosine.


4] Write two equations for the function below, one in terms of sine and the other in terms of cosine.

$$
\begin{gathered}
P=\frac{2 \pi}{B} ; \\
B \pi=\frac{2 \pi}{B}(B) \\
\frac{B \pi}{\pi}=\frac{2 \pi}{\pi} \\
B=2
\end{gathered}
$$



5] Write two equations for the function below, one in terms of sine and the other in terms of cosine.

$$
y=2 \cos \left[\pi\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right)\right]-1
$$

$P=\frac{2 \pi}{B}$
$B 2=\frac{2 \pi}{B}(B)$
$\frac{q}{8}=\frac{8 \pi}{8} \quad B=\pi$

$$
y=2 \sin [\pi(x-1)]-1
$$



Suppose that the depth of the water at a popular surfing spot varies from 3 ft to 11 ft , depending on the time. Suppose that on Monday, high tide occurred at 6:00 a.m. and the next high tide occurred at 7:00 p.m.
a. Draw a graph to model the depth of water as a function of time $t$ in hours since midnight on Monday morning.
b. Write an equation for the graph.
c. Use the equation in Item 6(b) to predict the depth of the water at 2 p.m., correct to three decimal places.
d. Reason quantitatively. Describe how the parameters of the equation that models this situation change if the depth of the water is measured in meters instead of feet.

$$
\text { b] } h(t)=4 \cos \left[\frac{2 \pi}{13}(t-6)\right]+7
$$

c] $h(14)=4 \cos \left[\frac{2 \pi}{13}((14)-6)\right]+7$
ft


## Lesson 17-2 Practice

*Due Tuesday 02/04*

